History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
Formation of Earth	Scientific inquiry	Consistently builds concrete atomic diagrams of chemical elements
Understands how electricity changed life on earth	Understands the processes of life, motion, force, energy, heat, sound, and light.	Identifies three states of matter
Describes how electric energy can be converted to heat, light, and motion	Demonstrates an understanding of Astronomy	Recognizes changes in physical states of matter are related to temperature
Understands the formation of the earth and can demonstrate it	Demonstrates knowledge of rocks, and their properties,	Recognizes the sun is a star
Understands the properties of rocks and minerals reflect the processes that formed	Understands chemistry (atomic, molecular structure, the periodic table of the elements)	Compare the relative distances of the planets
them		Describes characteristics of planets
Identifies sommen rock forming minerals	Can record observations in detail	Understands sause of day and night on
Identifies common rock-forming minerals	Can describe using clear quantitative and	Understands cause of day and night on earth
Understands the force of water in shaping	qualitative terms	
and reshaping the land		Identifies climate zones
Differentiate observation from interpretation	Can look for patterns and draw conclusions	Identifies the layers of the earth
μ	Can justify claims using evidence from	
Formulates cause and effect	observations	Recognizes geologic time periods and thei life forms on Timeline of Life
Follows a set of written instructions for a scientific investigation	Can create graphic organizers that identify key points and connections between topics	Identifies characteristics of classes of vertebrates in the timeline of humans
Knows that plants are the primary source of	Can design and conduct experiments	
matter and energy entering most food chains	controlling all but one variable	Awareness of Five Kingdoms

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
Ancient Greece	Can make and record observations and collect data	Knows nomenclature for plant, leaf, root, stem, flower, fruit, seed
Reviews the human migration story of Homo erectus out of Africa across Eurasia	Can analyze data and explain results Can interpret graphs and diagrams and draw conclusions	Knows the scientific method: identify the question, propose hypotheses, identify variables, propose conclusions
Uses a timeline to review developed civilizations before Ancient Greece such as Mesopotamia, Ancient Egypt, and Ancient China	Can use a graph to display trends	Recognizes the fundamental needs of people
Crima	Simple & Complex Machines	Recognizes basic land and water forms
Analyzes the geographic, political, economic, social, and religious structures of Ancient Greece	Understands work(as defined by physical science) and the mechanical advantages of six simple machines to make work easier	Consistently able to read maps and globes
Studies the influences of Ancient Greece on Western Civilization such as democracy, the	Understands the basic six simple machines (inclined plane, wedge, screw, lever, pulley, and wheel-and-axle)	Demonstrates the location the equator and northern and southern hemispheres on a globe or map
alphabet, the library, Olympics, mathematics, architecture, mythology, lighthouses, medicine, trial by jury, and the theatre	Evaluates the mechanical advantage of simple machines.	Identifies and locates all seven continents Botany
Timeline of Life	List the general steps of the engineering design process.	Identifies the tree of life, plant phyla, internal functions and structural functions
Reviews the TimeLine of Life(Paleozoic, Mesozoic, Cenozoic, Neozoic eras)	Designs simple and compound machines	of plants
Demonstrates the ability to analyze and interpret facts versus opinions	Thinks critically about the importance of the machines they encounter in life	Understands environmental ecology Reads informational text, answers questions based on the text, and makes
Demonstrate the ability to develop	Uses knowledge of simple and compound machines to design and build a small Rube Goldberg machines	inferences Conducts research in books and online and
Early Humans	Uses a compound microscope	organize the information gathered

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
		Reads and follows lab procedures
Defines prehistory Demonstrates the importance of archeology	Prepares a dry mount slide and a drawing from microscopic observation	Human Body
and anthropology to understand early human history.	Weigh objects with a triple beam balance	Reads an informational text, answer questions based on the text, and make
Understand the significance and	Classify objects according to their origins	inferences
characteristics of Early Humans, beginning with Australopithecus	Understands scientific inquiry of prediction, observation, problem-solving, discovering,	Conducts research in books and online and organize the information gathered
Understands timeline of Lower Paleolithic Age	and solutions	Reads and follow a lab procedure or directions for an activity
Understands timeline of Upper Paleolithic Age Understands the B.C./A.D. timeline	Designs and carries out a simple science experiment	Understands how the human body system function in order to maintain life.
Understands the gifts of civilizations	Understands how the levers, wedges, inclined plane, wheel and axle, gears, pulleys, friction,	Understands how matter and energy are processed by the body to build, maintain,
Studies the concept of Archeology/Anthropology	and screw	and repair the body.
Studies growth of cultures, migrations,	Researches simple machines and other mechanisms as they make Rube Goldberg	Develops their skills and abilities to do scientific investigation.
explorations	devices with 10 steps, including at least 6 simple machines	Understand the importance of
Demonstrates the development and significance of the relationship between hominids and their changing environment	Waves, Sound, and Light	collaboration and sharing of ideas in the pursuit of scientific understanding and developing skills to do this.
Identify three distinctive traits of human beings. Indigenous People of the Americas	Defines relevant terms in the areas of waves, light, and sound Qualitatively describes wave behavior and	Know six human body systems, vocabulary, and functions: skeletal, muscular, digestive, circulatory, and lymphatic systems.
Demonstrates familiarity with research trends and new directions in Native American Studies	phenomena of light and sound such as interference, the doppler effect, etc.	Zoology- Animals

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
Thousand Communication	i ii y oloali oololloo	2.0.099
Demonstrates knowledge of qualitative research methods Understands and appreciates the roles of art, culture, history, literature, and politics in the development of the tribal world, that relate to contemporary Native American issues Recognizes stereotypes about Native Americans and explain how and why these images became popular over the years Understand historical experiences and contemporary issues in the U.S. as well as the	Demonstrates an understanding of basic formulae associated with waves, sound, and light and solves simple problems utilizing those formulae Designs and carries out a simple experiment that will investigate an aspect of wave phenomena Has a good understanding of wave phenomena and how it affects the real world Understands that the wave nature of sound	Explains vital functions of animal physiology including respiration, circulation, nutrition, reproduction, sensitivity, and adaptations Understands animal routines and local animals calls of vertebrate animals Understands the external anatomy and classification of animals
larger Western Hemisphere Early European Immigrants in North America Compares and contrasts the development of English settlement and colonization during the 17th century	and light is fundamental to much of today's technology Has a basic understanding of how television, radio, and many other things function	Reviews the external anatomy of four invertebrate groups Reviews vertebrate classes Investigates the organ system of animals
Investigate how mercantilism and transAtlantic trade led to the development of colonies		Studies the survival strategies of animals inhabiting hot and cold desserts Understands the relationship of humans
Explains the development of the Southern Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, the impact of location and place, relations with Indigenous people, and economic development		and animals Explores the adaptations of African Grassland mammals and Coral Reef animals

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
Explains the development of New England Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, the impact of location and place, relations with American Indians, and economic development		
Understands the development of the Mid-Atlantic Colonies, including but not limited to reasons established, the impact of location and place, relations with Indigenous people, and economic development		
Describes the early English colonial society and investigates the development of its governance		
Describes European cultural diversity including the contributions of ethnic/religious groups		
Describes the Middle Passage, the growth of the POW Africans population, and the development of European colonies from their labor, especially in agriculture, architecture, cultural and political development		
Can describe the different methods of colonial self-governance in the period of Salutary Neglect		
Explains the role of the Great Awakening in creating unity in the colonies and challenging traditional authority		

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
Human Geography		
Understands the interdependence of Man		
Understands the study of natural resources and industries		
Understands the United States (as a country), States (individual)		
Understands the production of goods		
Understands the difference between imports and exports		
Understands the concept of taxation		
World Religions		
Encounters, reflects upon, discusses, researches, writes about, understands, and begins to discover a personal independent voice on eastern religions and western religion concept of religion		
Distinguishes the fundamental features of six of the world's major religions		
Understands the differences between religions, as well as their underlying commonalities		
Understands that life is a process learning how to become human, and sees how religion		

History & Culture	Physical Science	Biology
can assist that process		
Through discussions and questioning of the program, understands that life requires of each individual a constant series of choices, that at every moment each individual possesses the ability/responsibility to choose, and that religion in its "wisdom tradition" form offers them guides to compassionate, ethical choice making		
Students "embrace the world" by understanding the values, philosophy, and cosmology of the wisdom traditions that shape the different regions of the world		
Develops skills in research, analysis, expository and personal narrative writing, listening, questioning, note-taking, and speaking and presentation skills		
Uses a variety of resources, including non-fiction commentary and analysis, readings from sacred texts, biography, and historical fiction texts.		
Engages in their learning in various ways throughout the project: brainstorming, class discussions and debates, questioning, reading non-fiction and fiction texts, developing and implementing both research and evaluation tools, as well as making presentations		

History & Culture Physical Science Biology
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